Conditions for Use of Standard Welding Procedure Specifications

SCOPE

SWPS are not permitted for construction where impact testing of the WPS is required by the construction code. SWPS may be required to be approved by the client / project prior to use.

USE OF SWPS (see QW-510)

The Organisation (fabricator, manufacturer, contractor, etc.) shall be responsible for application of this SWPS and shall comply with the following prior to use in production:

- a) This document is an 'additional instruction', in accordance with ASME IX QW-540 (e), and shall be attached to the referenced AWS SWPS. AWS SWPS can be purchased online and are not supplied by weldspeconline.com.
- b) Enter name of the Organisation on the SWPS downloaded from weldspeconline.com.
- c) An employee of the Organisation shall sign and date the SWPS.
- d) The applicable code(s) and/or specification(s) shall be referenced on the SWPS.
- e) The Organisation shall weld and test one demonstration coupon using the SWPS and shall record the details stated within ASME IX QW-510 (d) Notes (1) through (15).
- f) The sample coupon shall be visually examined in accordance with QW-302.4 and mechancially tested in accordance with QW-302.1 OR radiographically examined in accordance with QW-302.2.
- g) Record all test data as per QW-485 see attached Demonstration Form.

LIMITATIONS OF SWPS (see QW-520)

Once a SWPS has been demonstrated, additional SWPSs that are similar to the SWPS demonstrated may be used without further demonstration. Further demonstration is required if there is a change in any of the following variables:

- a) A change in the welding process.
- b) A change in the P-Number.
- c) A change from the as-welded to the heat treated condition. Once heat treatment has been demonstrated for any SWPS, this limitation no longer applies.
- d) A change from Gas Shielded FCAW to Self Shielded FCAW or vice versa.
- e) A change from spray, globular, or pulsed transfer mode to short circuit transfer mode or vice versa.
- f) A change in the F-Number of welding electrode.
- g) Addition of preheat above ambient temperature. NOTE: Wall thickness > 32.0mm may require minimum preheat as specified in applicable ASME design codes where no PWHT is applied.
- h) A change from an SWPS that is identified as for sheet metal to one that is not and vice versa.

OTHER SWPS RESTRICTIONS (see QW-540)

- a) The user may not deviate from the welding conditions specified on the SWPS.
- b) SWPSs may not be supplemented with PQRs or revised in any manner except for reference to the applicable Code Section or other fabrication as provided in QW-511.
- c) When a multiprocess SWPS is selected, the processes shown on the SWPS shall be used in the order and manner specified on the SWPS.
- d) SWPSs shall not be used in the same production joint together with WPSs qualified by the Organisation.
- e) SWPSs may not be used until the demonstration of QW-510 has been satisfactorily welded, tested, and certified.
- f) The identification number of the Supporting Demonstration shall be noted on each SWPS that it supports prior to using the SWPS.
- g) The certified Supporting Demonstartion Record shall be available for review by an Authorised Inspector.
- h) SWPS may only be applied in production using welders suitably qualified in accordance with QW-300.

CONSUMABLES

- a) Consumables may require special conditioning, storage, and handling prior to and during production to ensure AWS hydrogen status classification is maintained.
- b) See ASME II Part C Annex A Table A3 for guides on consumable treatments.
- c) Use manufacturer recommendations for consumable conditioning if those recommendations differ from that detailed in ASME II Part C Annex A Table A3.

GUIDELINES

- a) The user shall consider the application of preheat in complying with design, code / standard guidelines, or client specification requirements. Factors affecting the preheat temperature may incude carbon equivalent value, combined joint thickness, and restraint conditions.
- b) The user needs a significant knowledge of welding and accepts full responsibility for the performance of the weld and for providing the engineering capability, qualified personnel, and proper equipment to implement SWPS.
- c) The user shall consider applicability or relevance of health and safety regulatory limitations / precautions prior to use.